

KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,
Publishers.

(Devoted to News, Politics, Internal Improvement, and General Information.)

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DANVILLE, KY., FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1855.

WHOLE NO. 620.

KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY
JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON.
OFFICE—Third street, north of Main.

TERMS.
Per annum, in advance, \$2 00
Within six months, 2 50
At the end of the year, 3 00
If no paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISING.
For each square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, \$1 00
Each additional insertion, 25
For a full column of 30 lines, each, 1 50
Announcing a candidate for any office, 1 00
Continuing same until election, 1 00
If advertisement is to be paid in advance, a liberal discount will be given.
If advertisement is of a personal character, charged double.
If notices of religious and public meetings, marriages and deaths, published free.
If obituary notices, exceeding 12 lines in length, charged as advertisements.

JOB-WORK
Of every description, promptly attended to in the best style, on reasonable terms.

BY ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT.
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Public Speaking.
W. C. ANDERSON, American Elector for Boyle county, will address the people at the following times and places:
Salt River Meeting House, Saturday, July 28.
North of Scrub Grass, Friday, Aug. 3.
Other gentlemen will be present, and will address the people—amongst them, the candidates for the Legislature. Speaking to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M.

I will reply to Mr. Anderson at the above places, at the same time, in opposition to the K. N. party.
B. D. WILLIAMS.

Mr. Morehead's Appointments.
Hon. C. S. MOREHEAD, the American candidate for Governor, is prosecuting the canvass with great energy. The following are his remaining appointments:
Whitesburg, Letcher co., Monday, July 30th.
Pikeville, Pike co., Tuesday, July 31st.
Prestonsburg, Floyd co., Wednesday, August 1st.
Jackson, Hancock co., Thursday, August 2d.
Bonsville, Overly co., Friday, August 3d.
Irvine, Bell co., Saturday, August 4th.
The hour of speaking at all the foregoing places, will be 1 o'clock, P. M.

Mr. J. S. G. HARRY, candidate for Lieut. Governor, will address the people of the State at the following times and places:
Centre for Lafayette, Saturday, July 28th.
Jewettsville, Monday, 30th.
Richfield, Tuesday, July 31st.
Hartford, Wednesday, August 1st.
Caldwell, Thursday, August 2d.
South Carrollton, Friday, August 3d.
Morgantown, Saturday, August 4th.

We are authorized to announce A. G. TALBOT, Esq., a candidate for Congress in this, the 4th, Congressional District.

FOR STATE TREASURER.
We are authorized to announce Col. J. H. GARNER, of Boyle county, as a candidate for the office of State Treasurer of Kentucky at the ensuing August election.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
All persons indebted to me are notified, that their accounts are due, and I want the money. I and settle up.
J. C. HEWEY.

Remember the Hessians, Too.

The opposition papers and editors are continually parading the names of Lafayette, Montgomery, Pulaski, Kosciuszko, DeKalb, Baron, Steuben, and in a few others equally distinguished, who, tired of despotism and ennobled of liberty, came to this country and fought gallantly in the war of the Revolution. The memory of these will be revered and their deeds remembered with gratitude as long as the republic endures. But while the names of these heroes are so readily recalled, and the names of the few who fought for American liberty—the rights to think, to speak, and to act—why don't they tell us of the many who came to this country and fought against American liberty in the same way? Why don't they tell us of the ten thousand Hessians, who were not subjects of and owed no allegiance to, the government which the American colonies were at war? These came to fight against liberty and for tyranny and oppression, and their deeds of inhumanity, bloodshed, and rapine, cannot be recalled to even at this distant day without calling up a thrill of horror. But few such as Lafayette and his compatriots come to our country, while hundreds of thousands just like the Hessians, are yearly landed upon our shores—just as ignorant of our institutions and as much prejudiced against us as those of their countrymen who fought on the side of despotism in the days of the Revolution. And so of the Catholic fealty. They tell of a comparatively few good citizens who are Catholics, some of whom have already and would again peril their lives in defense of the country, but not a word have they to say of the myriads yearly coming among us, nineteen-twentieths of whom irretrievably believe that their first allegiance is to the Pope of Rome, and who would, were he to bid them to-morrow, attempt to tear down the Stars and Stripes and flout the banner of St. Peter in its place. Away with all such arguments—they are not worthy of serious notice.

Athena Post.

"Why," said a gentleman, in the course of an argument on the price of putty, "it is as plain as that two and two makes four!"
"That, also, I deny," retorted his antagonist, "for two and two make twenty-two."
The gentleman snatched several inches in his boots, and politely offered his opponent his hat.

"Spare moments are the gold dust of time—the portions of life most fruitful in good or evil, and the gaps through which temptations enter."

The following should have appeared in our last paper, but was unavoidably deferred until the present issue:
STANFORD, July 5, 1855.

Editors TRIBUNE:—On Wednesday, the 4th day of July, 1855, the citizens of Lincoln county, met in a beautiful woods near the town of Stanford, and celebrated the glorious anniversary of our National Independence. It had been previously announced that a free barbecue would be given, and that all were welcome who might come. At an early hour in the morning, large masses of freedom of old Lincoln, with their wives and daughters came pouring into the town of Stanford, with faces indicating a burning desire to be once more freed from political strife and party politics, and by 10 o'clock there had assembled about 1000 people to pay tribute to the anniversary of our Nation's Independence. At the hour of 11, the meeting was called to order, and Dr. A. G. HOFFMAN was called to the chair, who, in a few appropriate remarks announced the object of the meeting to be to celebrate the 4th of July—a day that all patriotic Americans should be laid down at the altar of our common country, and introduced to the audience, CAAMER CARTER, Esq., who read, in a clear and elegant manner, the Declaration of Independence which was listened to with marked attention, after which the President introduced to the meeting Jos. Myers, Esq., formerly a student of the Virginia University, who addressed the audience with great ability. After the speech of Mr. Myers, RICHARD GASTY, Esq., of Lincoln, also a student of the same school, addressed the crowd, in a speech of half an hour, with considerable elegance and beauty prepared for the occasion. The reading of volunteer toasts was then introduced, when the following one was read, to-wit: "Thomas P. Hill, Esq.—A noble and patriotic son of old Lincoln."
Mr. Hill was cheered to the stand, and, although laboring under the affliction of weak lungs, &c., yet in a speech of considerable length, addressed the crowd in his usual happy style. After which, the crowd repaired to the table, and partook of an elegant and sumptuous dinner, prepared for the occasion. After dinner the audience re-assembled at the stand, and the following toast was read, to-wit: "JOHN L. BALLINGER, Esq., a devoted lover of the great maxims of the Constitution." To which Mr. Ballinger responded in a short but beautiful and appropriate speech.

Altogether, it was a brilliant day for old Lincoln, her beauty and her chivalry was collected together, beneath the sylvan shade of the large beeches, and partook of an elegant and sumptuous dinner, prepared for the occasion. After dinner the audience re-assembled at the stand, and the following toast was read, to-wit: "JOHN L. BALLINGER, Esq., a devoted lover of the great maxims of the Constitution." To which Mr. Ballinger responded in a short but beautiful and appropriate speech.

By THOMAS M. CARTER:—The day we celebrate. *Eata perpetua.*
By THOMAS M. CARTER. *Thomas Jefferson:*—Author of the Declaration of Independence, the act establishing Religious Freedom, and founder of the University of Virginia.

By CHAMBERLAIN:—*Kentucky—In devotion to liberty and union, second to no State in the American Union.*
By FRANK WATERS:—The ladies who have honored us with their presence to-day.

By EDWARD H. CARTER. *Patrick Henry:*—The first born Demagogue. Whose thunder shook the Philip of the seas.
Jas. B. VAGHANS, a noble son of noble sires.
Old LINCOLN, a devoted daughter of old Kentucky.

Our worthy President, DA. A. G. HOFFMAN, A worthy and noble son of old Lincoln.

By CHAMBERLAIN, JR.—"Principles, not men."

HENRY CLAY AND AMERICAN SENTIMENT.—Sunday anti-American orators and editors are searching Henry Clay's speeches and letters to find if possible something that may be tortured into seeming opposition to the principles of the American party and the best interests of the country; but none of them have yet quoted the noble sentiment which he uttered in his great speech in the Senate against Abolitionism, and in the following words:

"I prefer the liberty of my own country to that of any other people, and the liberty of my own race to that of any other race."—Life and Speeches of Henry Clay, vol. 2, p. 375.
The sentiment of this declaration of Henry Clay is the grand basiment of the whole American movement. We have no hatred, no hostility to foreigners. We wish them to enjoy every privilege and every blessing not incompatible with the welfare of our own country, and the supremacy, the full development, and the highest happiness of our own race of native-born Americans upon the soil of their birth-right. But we prefer our own country and our own race to any other country and any other race; while our opponents dissent in practice from Mr. Clay's noble sentiment, and show by their action that they prefer the Irish, Germans and French to their own native-born countrymen—they prefer men of other races to men of their own race.—Frank Com.

PROSPECTS OF THE AMERICAN PARTY.—The New York Herald, not long since a high authority with the Democratic party everywhere, thinks that the secession of the free-soil Know-Nothings from the American party will be anything but a disaster to the great cause that came in all the States. The Herald further says, that for the Presidential contest in 1856, the American party can already bring about "one million five hundred thousand voters into the field, besides the volunteers to be picked up by the way."

Morehead and Clark at Lancaster.
We have seen and conversed with a gentleman who was at Lancaster when Mr. Morehead and Mr. Clarke met in discussion on the 16th. The account he gives of the affair is such as may well gladden the heart of every friend of Morehead and of the great American principles he advocates.

A stand was erected for the speakers at the window of the Court House. About two hundred and fifty ladies were present, occupying chiefly the inside of the house, while seven or eight hundred voters were outside in the shade. The order of speaking was that Mr. Morehead should open in a two hours' speech; Mr. Clarke reply in the same time; Mr. Morehead reply in half an hour, and Mr. Clarke close in 15 minutes. Mr. Morehead's opening speech was one of his most able and eloquent efforts. Our friends who were present scarcely know how to express their admiration, but just declare it to be the greatest speech they ever heard. The ladies listened in delighted attention to his eloquent words, and the men cheered him every few minutes with thunders of applause. Mr. Clarke made his usual speech except that a check in an early stage of it, kept him from getting very low down quite as often as usual. The check came about in this way: Notwithstanding the presence of so many ladies, he began some of his low anecdotes and vulgar remarks; but some of the ladies began to hiss, and this gave him a check which made him more careful for the rest of his speech. The ladies, however, generally refused to listen to him much afterwards, and many of them devoted the time to conversation with each other. Mr. Morehead's rejoinder was still more eloquent than his opening speech, and signally triumphant in demolishing all the charges and objections Mr. Clarke had made. Mr. Clarke felt it too, for when his turn came, he said only a few words, and sat down before the short limit of 15 minutes had been reached.

Mr. Clarke's speech fell heavy and without any favorable effect upon the ears of his own party. They were evidently charged at the disadvantage at which their champion appeared in comparison with Mr. Morehead. He was not the sort of a man they had expected to see. They had expected to hear the discourse of a statesman; they heard the speech of a slanger. Mr. Morehead's advantage in appearance, in manners, in dignity, in eloquence, and in argument, was so decided, that they were quite disappointed and crest-fallen; and one of them said to our informant, in a deprecating tone—"If we had a candidate like Charlie Morehead, we'd make it go too."

The difference in appearance between the two speakers was most striking. Morehead was cheered at every few sentences, and with a vehemence and unanimity and vigor that seemed to shake the ground; Mr. Clarke was cheered but three times during his two hours' speech, and then only faintly and by a few. In short, "Satan" has taken all that region of country, is a sure thing, and the visit of Mr. Morehead, with his noble bearing and thrilling eloquence, has raised a perfect furor of delight and enthusiasm among the people. When our friend called on Mr. Morehead at his lodgings before the speaking, he found the very large room he occupied literally filled with a crowd of people who had come to pay their personal respects to him. After the speaking was over he was immediately surrounded by a dense throng of admirers pressing up to shake his hand and congratulate him upon his triumph; and a man was seen to offer a hand to Mr. Clarke. And when Mr. Morehead had got into his buggy to go over to Crab Orchard, where he was to speak at night, the people were still unwilling to let him go, but through by roads around him, shaking hands and showering him with compliments and good wishes. Our friend did not see Mr. Clarke depart, but from what he had seen before, he did not suppose his setting out was retarded in any way.—Frank Com.

From the reading of the Bible will spring liberty of conscience and religious liberty, and thence, as from an inexhaustible source, public prosperity and political liberty. Accordingly, it is your duty to remove from the hands of the faithful, Bibles in the vulgar tongue, and all other prohibited books. We are confident that our exertions and yours will be seconded by the civil authorities.—Pope Gregory VI's Bull to all Bishops or Priests.

The Government of the United States is weak, inconsistent, and bad; it must and will be destroyed! So long as it exists, no Prince in Europe will be safe in his throne.

The sovereigns of Europe are aware of this, and are determined upon its destruction. They have come to an understanding upon this subject and decided on the means to accomplish it. They will eventually succeed, by subversion rather than conquest.

All the low population of Europe will be carried into America—it will be a receptacle for the had and diseased. This will create a surplus—a heterogeneous population—speaking a different language—of different religion, and sentiments—these will carry with them their principles—they will adhere to their former government, laws, manners, customs, and religion—speak of them among the natives, some of whom will join them and they will become citizens—discord and civil war will follow—some popular man will take the lead to restore order—the European sovereigns will aid him—all the emigrants will join, and the government will be subverted.—Duke of Richmond.

If the pope directed the Roman Catholics of this country to overthrow the Constitution, to sell the Nationality of the country as a sovereign State and annex it, as a dependent province to Napoleon the Little's Crown, they would be bound to obey.—Brownson's Review, by the authority of the Archbishop of Boston, Mass.

MR. CLARKE IN BATH.—A private letter received by a gentleman of this county from a relative in Bath county, says it is true beyond doubt that Mr. Clarke injured his own cause by his visit to that county. He eulogized the Roman Catholics in the most fulsome style, and among other things declared that they had for the best schools in the State, and that every body ought to patronize them. This was rather more than some Protestant Democrats, who look upon such schools as more agencies for proselyting Protestant children, could stand.

Mr. Clark also offended many Temperance Democrats, and shocked the moral sense of the community, by denouncing the Temperance movement, and declaring that he intended to let Temperance men know that he would drink whisky whenever he pleased, and drink from a glass, or a bottle, or a jug, or the long hole of a barrel, just as suited his convenience or fancy.—Frank Com.

Chas. S. Morehead, the great Kentuckian, is making a vigorous canvass, and his speeches everywhere are received by the yeomanry of Kentucky with an enthusiasm unparalleled in the political history of our State. He is emphatically the people's favorite, and we predict for him a more brilliant victory in August than ever decked the brow, in times past, of Kentucky's bold champions and distinguished favorites. The opinion is prevalent that Morehead's majority over his Sag Night opponent will not be less than TWENTY FIVE THOUSAND.—Puduch American Hill.

At Hill, a few days since, a gentleman said he should like to see a box full of ladies drift on the ocean, to see which way they would steer. "Oh," said a lady, "that's easily answered—they would steer to the Isle of Man, to be sure."

Which is the easiest of the three professions—law, physic, or divinity? Divinity—because it is easier to preach than to practice.

The weather cock, working easily, can tell the way of the wind, but if the weather cock sticks, the course of the wind will not be influenced thereby. Remember this.

"A stuck up" sort of a genius entered a store in Philadelphia, and turning up his nose at some apples in the window, exclaimed: "Are those apples fit for a hog to eat?" "I don't know," try them and see," was the instant reply of the store keeper.

"Foreign influence is truly a Greenback horse to the Republic. We cannot be too careful to exclude its entrance."

"Americans can do their own voting, and their own fighting."

LAFAYETTE.

"If ever the liberty of this Republic is destroyed, it will be by Roman priests."

There is an imperative necessity for reforming the Naturalization Laws of the United States.
"I will go as far as the farthest in this (Native American) cause."

It is time that we should become a little more Americanized; and instead of feeding the paupers and laborers of England, feed our own; or, in a short time, by our present policy, we shall become paupers ourselves.—Boston Pilot.

Americanism Denounced.
The Flag of America is not seventy years old, and thrice the native sons of America have deserted it. Therefore, we advise these cowards, and sons of cowards, to boast moderately.—Boston Pilot.

You should do all in your power to carry out the pious intentions of his Holiness, the Pope. Where you have the electoral franchise give your votes to none but those who will assist you in so holy a struggle.—O'Connell's letter to the republicans in America.

We long to have an Irish policy in America.—Boston Pilot.

Now, in the name of conscience, can the men have the impudence to lead fault with honest emigrants, whose own ancestors were emigrant Pirates—for such was the character of the early settlers in America.—Boston Pilot.

The institutions of this country can only be preserved by Catholicism.

Protestantism and despotism originated together, and have always gone hand in hand. Protestant countries are always dissatisfied, whereas in Catholic countries the very possessors are contented to remain in the condition they were born in.

We would much rather our children should grow up in ignorance of letters, than be taught in a school that is not Catholic.—O. A. Brownson.

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LAFAYETTE.

"If ever the liberty of this Republic is destroyed, it will be by Roman priests."

From the Nashville Whig.
THE ADMINISTRATION MAKING A CATHOLIC TEST.

The administration of Franklin Pierce stands condemned by a Tennessee witness, of requiring an applicant for a petty mail agency to promise to defend the Catholic Church. And yet, of such is the party which is crying out against Americans upon the false charge that they are in favor of religious proscription.—Read the following statement which has been published in three or four papers in East Tennessee:

"That in a discussion at London, between Messrs. Blackwell, Anderson, and Lillard, candidates for Congress, a few weeks ago, Mr. Lillard stated that he visited Washington city in 1853, and made application for the appointment of mail agent on the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad, and that the Post Office Department required of him before it would give him the appointment, that he must promise to defend the Catholic Church."

The Athens Post says in re-publishing this statement, with a correction we have inserted above:

"What Lieut. Lillard has said on the subject, has been ready to make good at any time. It will hardly be necessary, however, to recur to the subject again, as it has always been the practice of the Catholic party to question the veracity and try to blacken the character of all who resist their claims and slavish obedience to its leaders, or presume to doubt the infallibility of its teachings. Its assaults are harmless, as the Protestant public know precisely how unimportant to attach to them."

Why was Mr. Postmaster General Campbell appointed to that responsible and influential position? It has been charged that the place was secured to him by a bargain, and at the price of the Catholic vote for Pierce. We do not assert that this charge is true, but we do not assert that we believe it to be true. Why? We will give one single reason, which is enough to satisfy the most incredulous.

Hon. Kenneth Bayner, of North Carolina, in a public speech at Washington City on the 21st of June, made the following statement:

"Our late minister to Spain, Mr. Barringer, stated to me, in Baltimore, that the Pope's Nuncio at the Court of Spain, said to him, before the news of the formation of Pierce's Cabinet reached there, 'I can tell you one man, that will be in the Cabinet. That will be Mr. Campbell, of Pennsylvania, as a member of the Catholic Church.'"

Mr. Campbell, of Pennsylvania, AS a member of the Catholic Church? Not as a member citizen and freeman, independent of all religious influence, but "as a member of the Catholic Church"—as a servant of the Pope of Rome? How well Mr. Campbell is fulfilling his part of the obligation may be inferred from the disclosures of Lieut. Lillard. He is certainly assiduous in his attempt to "spread Romanism, and promote the power of the Pope, when he presumes to approach a free born Tennesseean with a proposition to sell himself to a defence of Catholicism for a miserable Mail Agency!"

AMERICAN! we say again—pause and reflect. An important issue awaits your action. Ho, Ho!—be true—be independent.

Every vice and fully has a train of secret and necessary punishments. If we are lazy, we must expect to be poor; if intemperate, to be diseased; if luxurious, to die prematurely.

A light and trifling mind never accomplishes anything great and good. On the contrary, it makes an empty purse, an empty reputation, and a miserable end.

To be thrown upon one's own resources is to be cast into the very lap of fortune, for our faculties undergo a development and display an energy of which they were previously unacquainted.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!
From Danville to Louisville, By Stage and Railroad.

THE new Turnpike being completed from Louisville and ready to Frankfort, we will commence.

On the 9th day of July, 1855, To run a Tri-weekly Stage Direct from Danville to Frankfort.

This Stage will leave Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Frankfort in time for the Evening Train of Cars to Louisville. Returning, will leave Frankfort every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, after the arrival of the morning train from Louisville. On the arrival of the Stage at Lexington, there will be another train ready to convey those who desire to go to Harborsburg, Shelbyville and Louisville—thus giving passengers their choice of routes.

Passengers who desire to go on the Cars from Danville, or who get on the Stage at any point between Danville and Frankfort, will be furnished with THROUGH TICKETS, which will cost them \$4 from Danville, or \$3.50 from Harborsburg, and the same if they go through by Stage. On their return, it is desirable that all passengers who enter at Louisville for Harborsburg, Shelbyville, Harborsburg or Danville, should purchase the THROUGH TICKETS, as by so doing, they will save 50 cents, either way.

Tickets can be procured at the Harborsburg, Danville, Petty's, Harborsburg, McAfee's, Strong's, Grimes's, Lawrenceburg, and at the Stage Office at the Galt House, Louisville.

E. P. JOHNSON & CO.

THE RUSSELL SPRINGS

ARE now open for the reception of visitors. We can say to our old patrons, that no pains have been spared during the past winter to add such improvements, and make such changes as would be for the comfort and benefit of those wishing to enjoy the benefit of the waters. Our CHATELAIN, a bold spring, flows by analysis, a pure carbonate of iron, with a large excess of free carbonic acid. The Whirl Sprung is not inferior to any known in the country. To invade we promise every possible attention for their comfort and improvement. Those fond of Hunting will find an improved opportunity this season. We have a fine ice house, and hope to be able to have a good supply during the season—and a good Ten-Pin Alley is in progress.

W. S. PATTERSON & SON.

Russell co., June 8 (letting Somerset Gazette copy till 1st Aug.

20 BOXES Star and Summer Pressed Candles for sale by J. C. HEWEY.

COACH-MAKING AND REPAIRING.

GEORGE THRELKELD RETURNS his acknowledgments to the public, for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and would respectfully inform his former patrons and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the

Carriage Making Business. In all its branches, and has now, and intends keeping on hand, or will make to order, Carriages, Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, and all their varieties. He respectfully solicits a call from all who may wish to purchase any kind of a vehicle, and will merely say, that his work shall be well done, and warranted as represented, while his prices shall be as low as those of any other establishment in this section of country.

If he still occupies his old stand, on Second street, opposite Mrs. Akin's.

Particular attention will be heretofore given to the REPAIRING and Re-fitting of vehicles of every kind.

GEORGE THRELKELD. Danville, June 8, '55

SADDLERY, HARNESS AND TRUNK MAKING.

LINNEY & WILSON TAKE this method of expressing their thanks to the public for past favors, and of soliciting a continuance of the liberal patronage they have heretofore received. They invite the attention of purchasers to their present stock, embracing

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Saddles. Of every description, together with a general assortment of Carriage, Buggy, Stage and Wagon

HARNESS. Bridles, Collars, Martingales, Whips, Trunks, &c. &c. As we are constantly manufacturing, we are prepared to make to order on short notice any article which may be called for in our line. We intend to do so.

NO BRAGGING. About our work or prices, but ask a call from those desiring to purchase. We are willing to let them judge whether we cannot do as good work and at as low prices as any of our neighbors.

REPAIRING promptly attended to. LINNEY & WILSON. Danville, April 13, 1855

COWS. Ten or twelve good Milch Cows for sale. Enquire of G. W. WELSH. Danville, June 29, '55

NOTICE. HAVING secured the services of an experienced Confectioner, I am fully prepared to furnish Weddings, Parties, &c., with Ornamental or Plain Cakes, Candies, &c. Dealers can be supplied with an excellent article of Candy, at low rates.

J. C. HEWEY. June 22 '55

NEW JEWELRY STORE!

WE have opened, on Main street in Danville, in the house lately occupied by Mr. C. L. Budd, opposite the Branch Bank, a Fine Lot of

Jewelry and Fancy Goods! Which we offer to sell at Eastern Prices for Cash!

These wishing Fine Watches or Jewelry will do well to give us a call. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired with neatness and dispatch, and warranted to give satisfaction.

CLARK & HINTON. Danville, May 4, '55

TO FARMERS. KENTON'S Patent MOWING MACHINE. Retchem's Patent Reaping Machine, with Seymour's and Morgan's Improvement. Sanford's Patent Straw Cutter.

Farmers will find the Mower just the thing for cutting Hay, and the Straw Cutter a great labor-saving Machine, while the Straw Cutters the best article in use for cutting feed for all kind of stock. Call and examine at

J. B. AKIN'S. Danville, May 4, '55

BROADWAY HOTEL, LEXINGTON, KY.

THE undersigned having purchased the interest of his partner in this commodious Hotel, and added a number of NEW ROOMS and NEW FURNITURE, is prepared to accommodate Travellers and the public generally in the best manner. He hopes by strict attention to business to share a reasonable portion of public patronage.

R. J. DIDLAKE. Stage Office. An Office is kept in the Hotel for all the Stages leaving Lexington. R. J. D. Lexington, June 8 '55

HEWEY'S FASHIONABLE FURNITURE CHAIR AND STAND WAREHOUSES!

I HAVE now on hand the largest stock of FASHIONABLE FURNITURE ever offered in this market, embracing a great variety of styles, all warranted to be well made of the best materials.

The Kentucky Tribune.

DANVILLE, KY.: Friday, July 27, 1855.

Mark the Fact!

There are four States in the Union that allow foreigners to vote upon declaring their intention to become citizens, and they are all Democratic free States!!

Hold the glorious galaxy!

INDIANA.

ILLINOIS.

MICHIGAN.

WISCONSIN.

Michigan, which allows foreigners to vote upon the same footing with American citizens, has virtually instructed her Senators of Congress out of their seats because they voted for the Nebraska Bill. In Wisconsin, where foreigners are a majority of the population and where they are all sworn to without waiting to be naturalized, the *Yankee Slave Law* has been greatly pronounced. Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court, and the "higher law" nullifying decision has been sustained by a subsequent vote at the polls in the re-election of the judges. It would be well for the South to look at these things. It would be well for her and the perpetuity of her institutions if she would make a note of the fact. It would be well for Southern people, when they hear of the nullification of the American party, to consider the fact that the "higher law" nullifying decision has been sustained by a subsequent vote at the polls in the re-election of the judges. It would be well for her and the perpetuity of her institutions if she would make a note of the fact. It would be well for Southern people, when they hear of the nullification of the American party, to consider the fact that the "higher law" nullifying decision has been sustained by a subsequent vote at the polls in the re-election of the judges.

Mr. Dixon.—Many inquiries and many misstatements have been made as to the opinions of the Hon. Archibald Dixon upon the leading political questions of the day, we copy the following letter from the Henderson Courier. Mr. D., although he consents, as the reader will see, in the principles of the American party, is not a member of the Order. In voting, he will select such candidates as he considers true to the Constitution and the country, and to the sound principles that he here proclaims:

HENDERSON, July 11, 1855.
GENTLEMEN: With the view of gratifying many friends who desire to know my views on the American question, I beg the favor of you to publish in your next paper the enclosed synopsis [taken from the Louisville Journal] of a speech delivered by me at Madisonville on the 4th day of May last. The opinions as expressed by me at that time are those which I still hold, and for which I am ready to do battle at all times and against all opposition. I then was, and am now, against all foreign influence, in the affairs of our Government, whether political or ecclesiastical, then believed, as I now believe, that if this Government is destined to fall, and its liberties be destroyed, it will be by the influence of foreign governments and foreign emigrants. And I then was, as I now am, as a means of preventing the overthrow of our republican institutions, and of sustaining our glorious Union, for requiring all foreigners who may hereafter emigrate to the United States to reside in the United States at least twenty-one years previous to acquiring the right of citizenship, and disclaiming all intention of interfering with the rights of others in worshipping God in their own way and according to the dictates of their own consciences. I would, nevertheless, as a citizen in the exercise of a right common to all the citizens of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, refuse to vote for any man to fill any office under the Federal or State Government who acknowledges any temporal or civil allegiance to the Pope of Rome or to any foreign government or potentate whatever. And where a native and naturalized citizen are running, or may be candidates for office, their merits and qualifications being equal, I would in all cases, vote for the native in preference to the foreigner or naturalized citizen.

And without belonging to any party, or political organization whatever, I shall support such men for office as I believe will be faithful to the Union, firm in their support of the Constitution of the United States, and of the rights of the people of the different States under it.

ARCH'D. DIXON.

KNEELING TO ARCHBISHOP HUGHES.—The Pittsburg Dispatch says, we have heretofore refrained from mentioning a circumstance reported to have occurred during the recent visit of Archbishop Hughes to this city, because we had no authority for believing it true. Finding it, however, in the Greensburg Intelligencer, vouched for by the editor, we give it to the public, that the lawyer alluded to may deny it, should it be unfounded.—The Intelligencer says:—"One of the most subservient, humiliating, and man-worshipping acts we have lately heard of, took place in Pittsburg a few days since. His Reverence Archbishop Hughes, having arrived in the city to officiate at the consecration of the Catholic Cathedral, which took place on Sunday last, he was met at the Monongahela House by a certain lawyer, one of his followers. The latter, on recognizing the Bishop, got down upon his knees and kissed the Bishop's hand. When he had got through with this menial service, he turned around to another gentleman with whom he was acquainted, bidding him the time of day and extending his hand to give the usual shake. He received the reply that 'he could not shake hands with any man who would worship a fellow mortal in that way.' We have this from a respectable gentleman, who heard the lawyer acknowledge he had done so."

TRENDON STORM IN PHILADELPHIA.—On Friday afternoon, Philadelphia was visited by a violent storm. Many of the streets were flooded to the depth of several feet, many of the cellars containing valuable goods were inundated before anything could be got out, and some of the culverts gave way.

The American Party of Ohio—Sound Principles.

We noticed yesterday the immense course of the members and friends of the American party in Cincinnati, who, in response to a published call from nine hundred of their number, assembled in the Fifth street market space to decide whether they would abide by the action of the Republican State Convention which had nominated the Hon. S. P. Chase for Governor. They decided by acclamation that they would not abide by that action, and announced a set of principles that placed them, so far as all future action is concerned, side by side with the American party of the Southern States. They manifested a deep and powerful sentiment in favor of the preservation of the Union and the maintenance of the guarantees of the constitution; and this sentiment, we have not the least doubt, will spread and strengthen and become the active and controlling sentiment of the great mass of the American party of Ohio and carry the State whenever the issue shall be made at the polls.

The preamble and resolutions adopted by the vast Know-Nothing meeting at Cincinnati, were as follows: Whereas, the Democratic State Convention of the 8th of January last, and the recent Convention in Columbus, have failed to avow or recognize principles which we believe vital to the welfare of the Republic and our State; therefore—Resolved, That we continue to maintain as paramount in importance, and never to be ignored, the well-known principles of the American party, among which is devotion to the Union, and unceasing hostility to its enemies, be they the nullifiers of the South, or the Abolitionists of the North.

Resolved, That while we consider the repeal of the Missouri Compromise is a violation of a sacred and time-honored compact, we are not from resentment or any other impulse to be seduced or driven into the support of fanatical men or measures.

Resolved, That we recognize in the very first resolution of the convention of the 13th inst., a subtle and insidious aim at the integrity of the National Government, and the initiative of legislation which will place the State of Ohio in antagonism to the Union.

Resolved, That the avowal made in a resolution of the convention of the 13th inst., to labor assiduously, not to secure the repeal of the Nebraska and Kansas bill, but to render it void and inoperative, proclaims a mode of opposition to the laws of the land that can be sanctioned only by fanatics or outlaws.

Resolved, That in the proceedings and resolutions of the convention of the 13th inst., and especially in the nomination of S. P. Chase for Governor, and the resolution to appoint a committee to concert measures with reference to the Presidency, we discover a design to more efficiently organize an aggressive, sectional party with which it would be directed in all American citizens to act or affiliate.

Resolved, That we recommend to the friends of the American party in Ohio, opposed to the candidates for Governor now in nomination, to meet in mass convention at Columbus on the 9th day of August.

Nothing sadder or more patriotic than this has ever emanated from the North. And now the members of the American party in the non-slaveholding States are thus nobly fighting for great national principles, let Kentucky and Tennessee encourage and strengthen them in the noble cause by upholding bravely and gloriously the banner of the American party on the 6th of August. Can they do less?

The Canada's News.

The latest intelligence from the war is contained in the following dispatch from General Simpson, dated July 4th: "Nothing of importance has occurred since my last. The French works on the right are going on well. The health of Gen. Eyre is established. The health of the telegraphic dispatch from Halifax mentioned that 2000 English penetrated into the suburbs of Sebastopol and held a street 17 hours against the Russians. The following account is given of this affair: The correspondent of the Times asserts that four companies of the 16th actually succeeded in getting possession of the suburb. Captain Hayman was gallantly leading on his company when he was shot through the knee. Captain Esmond followed, and the men, once established, prepared to defend the houses they occupied. As they drove the Russians out, they were pelted with large stones by the latter on their way up to the battery, which quite overhangs the suburb. The Russians could not depress their guns sufficiently to fire down on our men, but they directed a severe flanking fire upon them from an angle of the Russian works. There was nothing for it but to keep up a vigorous fire from the houses, and to detain the enemy into the belief that the occupiers were more numerous than they were. Mentime the Russians did their utmost to blow down the houses with shell and shot, and fired grape incessantly, but the soldiers kept close, though they lost men occasionally, and they were most materially aided by the fire of the regiments in the cemetery behind them, which was directed at the Russian embankments; so that the enemy could not get out to fire down on the houses below.

Some of the houses were comfortably furnished. One of them was as well fitted up as most English mansions, the rooms full of furniture, a piano in the drawing-room, and articles of luxury and taste not deficient. Our men unfortunately found that the cellars were not empty, and that there was abundance of the misent wine from the South coast of the Crimea, and mixed with fruit, which are grown in the interior, in the better sort of houses. Some of the officers, when they went away, carried off articles of clothing and papers as proofs of their entrance into the place, and some others took away pigeons and guinea pigs, which were tame in the houses. The troops entered the place about 4 o'clock in the morning, and could not leave until 9 o'clock in the evening. The Russians blew up many of the houses and set fire to others, and when our men retired the flames were spreading along the street.

To the People of Kentucky.

That the people of Kentucky may be informed how I have discharged the duties of President of the Board of Internal Improvement, I herewith publish the Report of the last Legislature of Kentucky.

D. R. HAGGARD.

In the House of Representatives of Kentucky, Friday, March 3, 1854, Mr. H. T. Wilson, from the committee on the Expenditures of the Board of Internal Improvement, made the following report: The Committee on Expenditures of the Board of Internal Improvement, respectfully beg leave to make the following report:

Your Committee have taken great pains in the examination of the Report of the President of the Board, together with the actual amount expended and received, and as far as your Committee were capable of judging, we found the same correct, and we confidently believe that all the disbursements, as exhibited by the Board, have been made in fulfillment of stipulated contracts in consideration of services actually rendered, and other demands in furtherance of the system of Internal Improvement, under their control and management.

For the whole amount of the gross costs of expenditures, and gross receipts, your committee would beg leave to refer you to the Annual Report of the President of the Board.

Too much encomium cannot be bestowed on Dr. D. R. Haggard, the President of the Board, for the indefatigable energy, wisdom, and economy which he has so clearly evinced in the management of the same, as the following statements will clearly prove: The average expenses upon the same since his induction into office was the sum of \$9,101 37, thereby saving to the State the sum of \$6,899 54. The average expenditures upon Green and Barren rivers, for the last two years before his induction, was the sum of \$15,339 09, whilst the average of the same rivers under his management for the last two years, was \$11,306 97, thereby saving annually the sum of \$4,032 12.

When the President of the Board entered upon the duties of his office, it was confidently asserted and believed that the Kentucky river would be so injured in its business operations by the extension of the railroad from Frankfort to Louisville, that it would fail to be a source of revenue to the Sinking Funds (and the Green and Barren rivers for the last three years before his connection with the Board exceeded the receipts, \$15,053 11.)

Your committee are pleased to say that within the last two years there has been paid into the Treasury, as net proceeds from this river, the sum of \$17,946 59, and from the Green and Barren rivers for the last two years, and six months \$17,440 42. The aggregate amount of money paid by the President into the Sinking Fund, and debts paid by him at the time he took charge of the office, is \$35,286 60.

The amount of salary this officer receives is \$1,000 per annum. When we take into consideration the actual value of the services as above, and when we further take into consideration the additional fact that the President of the Board bestows his almost entire time to the duties of his office, so deranging his business at home that he is dependent almost entirely upon his salary for a means of support, your Committee believe his salary is too low, and earnestly and unanimously recommend that for the remainder of his term, there shall be an increase of his salary at the rate of three hundred dollars per annum. Therefore, Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the sum of three hundred dollars be paid in addition to the present salary to the President of the Board of Internal Improvement, per annum, during his present term of office.

J. H. BARLOW, Democrat.
JOHN GRIFFIN, Jr., Democrat.
H. T. WILSON, Whig.
R. C. McCHORD, Democrat.
J. W. WILSON, Democrat.
J. M. McCORMICK, Democrat.
ROBT. SIMMONS, Whig.

AN AFFRAY IN TENNESSEE.—On the 16th instant there was a political meeting in Columbia, Tennessee. Several distinguished speakers were present, among whom were Major Donelson and Gen. Pillow. We have only the statement of a Sag Night agent at Nashville, who says that Major Donelson in the course of his remarks spoke of the Nashville Southern Convention of 1853, and said that he had at the time denounced the members of that body as traitors. Gen. Pillow shouted from the midst of the crowd, "you lie, you lie, sir." Donelson replied, "you are an impudent fool." Pillow started toward the stand and Donelson, taking a stick, came down to meet him, but the crowd interposed.

Maj. Donelson again took the stand, and stated that he did not mean to charge all the members of the National Convention with being traitors, but that he did not mean to embrace Pillow in the exception. Pillow again denounced him as a liar, and made another rush towards Donelson, but was arrested. When Donelson closed, Pillow mounted the stand and said to Donelson: "If you charge or insinuate that you denounced the members of the Nashville Southern Convention as traitors, it is false, sir." Here Donelson struck Pillow and Pillow returned the blow, and the two were separated.

LARGE FIRE IN ST. LOUIS.—The St. Louis papers, of Wednesday last, contain a full account of a great conflagration, which took place the evening before on the corner of Locust and Fourth streets in that city. The fire commenced in Skidmore's Livery Stable, and spread to the Merchants Hotel, Dr. Burdell's three story buildings, A. B. Lynch's dwelling and slave prison, Gisel's Cabinet manufactory, and Hood & Langan's Blacksmith shop. The entire loss, it is estimated, will reach eighty thousand dollars. In the Livery Stable thirteen horses perished. The origin of the fire is not known.

CHINA.—A Canton correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser writes under date of May 9, 1855.

Affairs in a political point of view remain in statu quo. The mandarins have made no progress since their grand victory at Whampoa, the intervening time having been passed for the most part in chopping of heads, and foolish rejoicings; thus allowing the pirates to gather their forces and present again a formidable front. The distress among the poorer classes in Canton is now terrible—one can hardly walk through the back street without seeing some poor fellow bled about closing his eyes in death; or take a row in the river without striking a dead body.

We copy the annexed paragraph from the Louisville Journal of Thursday. The opponents of the American party are playing the same game everywhere, reporting that withdrawals from the Order are taking place in every Council throughout the State to such an extent as to render it comparatively powerless. This game won't win. The enthusiasm of the American party is daily increasing. Notwithstanding the frequent false rumors that members of the Order have left it, we are assured by those who know that a withdrawal has been few and far between, and that, day after day, scores of citizens are gathering around the American standard. The inductions of new members in the respective councils in this city number from three to fifteen at each meeting of every council.

NEW YORK, July 24. A correspondent of the Tribune writing from Mer, on the Mexican frontier, states that the battle about to be fought between the revolutionists and Gen. Woll, the Mexican commander at Matamoros, will be decisive, and throw all the frontier custom-houses in the hands of Carraval and his party should they be successful. Woll is expected to be defeated and has sent all his valuables across the river into Texas.

The revolutionists have 2,000 men and 6 pieces of artillery. They propose to form a confederation of the three North States, Tamaulipas, Coahuila, and Nueva Leon.

The Know-Nothing Councils of the city of Newport, R. I., have adopted resolutions rejecting the platform set forth by the recent State Council in Providence. They are determined to stand by the principles as adopted by the majority of the National Convention at Philadelphia. The sound and noble principles of the Philadelphia convention will soon carry everything before them at the North, if Kentucky, Tennessee, and other Southern States shall succeed in maintaining them in the great conflict now at hand. They are correct principles, they are living principles, they are the very best principles upon which a great national battle can be fought and won.

WASHINGTON, July 21. The President has received an autograph letter from the Czar of Russia, in reply to one transmitted to him through our Minister congratulating him on his succession. The Czar professes the most lasting friendship between Russia and the United States.

In view of facts coming hourly to our knowledge, we can state that the efficiency of the money power is being more thoroughly tested in the present canvass in this Congressional district than it ever was before in any portion of Kentucky. Every man of our party whose integrity is suspected finds himself approached either directly or indirectly with a proffered bribe.—*Low Jour.*

New and Wonderful Invention!! A Chance to make Money!

STODDARD'S PATENT SHINGLE MAKER RIVES, Shaves and Joins 2,000 Shingles per hour, right from the block, without steaming. This justly celebrated and highly useful machine is now on exhibition in Frankfort, Ky., at Mr. PRENTISS' SHOP, 100 yards to the left of the wire bridge. It is very simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, is portable, and can be worked by horse or steam power. The blocks require no steam power. The blocks require no steaming, and the shingles are turned out at the rate of

Two Thousand per Hour, Perfectly Rived, Shaved, and Jointed—every Shingle of precisely the same thickness, and even in all its parts, from butt to point—Something long desired to construct a Tight and Beneficial Roof. Any required length or thickness of shingle can be made with equal facility. Also Barrel Headings can be turned out as fast as shingles.

A Machine will pay its Cost in Ten Days Moderate Work. County rights for sale by the Proprietors. HENRY J. OSBORNE & CO. (Main st., Frankfort, Ky.) Sole proprietors for Ky.

THE best brand of Virginia Chewin Tobacco, can be found at J. C. HEWES'S. N. extra lot of Regalia and Principe Cigarettes.

SCOTCH Ale and London Porter, for medicinal use, just received. 2000 LBS. assorted Candy of my own manufacture. A FINE stock of Pocket Knives, Razors, and Notions in great variety. HARRISON'S celebrated Perfumery, Shaving Creams and Soap. All in store and for sale by J. C. HEWES.

NO. 1 Rio and Java Coffee, just received and for sale by J. C. HEWES.

BOYLE COUNTY FARM FOR SALE. I WISH to sell the FARM on which I now reside, lying near the Dugville and Hustonville Turnpike, 2 1/2 miles from Danville.

Containing 104 Acres. This place is in a good state of cultivation, well watered, with tolerably good improvements. There is a young Apple Orchard of choice trees just set out this spring, together with various other Fruits. Any person desiring to purchase a small and pleasant place near Danville, is invited to give me a call.

JNO. U. ROCHESTER. July 6, 1855. WOOL WANTED. LBS. Wool wanted, for which we will pay the highest market price in Goods. J. L. & W. H. WAGENER. June 8, '55.

FOURTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE CENTRAL KENTUCKY Stock, Agricultural & Mechanical ASSOCIATION.

TO BE HELD AT THE FAIR GROUNDS, AT DANVILLE, KENTUCKY. Commencing on Tuesday, the 24th of October, 1855, and continue four days.

Officers of the Association: President—A. G. TALBOT, of Boyle county. Vice Presidents—John Wickett, of Boyle; Dr. J. P. Maxwell, of Marion; John Dunlap, Jr., of Casey; J. W. Grigsby, of Lincoln; R. H. Robinson, of Garrard; Dr. Jamison, of Mercer; R. H. Patton, of Anderson; S. C. Broome, of Washington.

Treasurer—Dr. J. R. Wainwright, of Danville. Secretary—JNO. B. AKIN, Danville. Directors—J. S. Hopkins, I. P. Fisher, A. D. Meyer, C. H. Rochester and C. C. Moore, of Boyle; Wm. Thompson, of Mercer; J. S. Hoskins, of Garrard; D. W. Jones, of Lincoln.

FIRST DAY.

Ladies' Manufactures: Best Specimen. Premium. Fine Jeans, not less than 10 yards, \$5 00. Negro Jeans, " 20 " 5 00. White Flannels, " 10 " 2 50. Plain Linsey, " 10 " 2 50. Pair Blankets, strictly home-made, 5 00. Rag Carpet, " 20 " 2 50. Tow Linen, " 20 " 2 00. Plain Flax Linen, not less than 30 yards, 2 00. Tow Linen, " 20 " 2 00. Hemp Linen, " 20 " 2 00. Pair Hose, by a Lady, 1 00. Pair " by a Girl under 12 years old, 50. 2nd best, " 50. 3rd best, " 50. Patch Work: Silk Quilt, French China Tea Set, presented by J. B. Akin, 10 00. Worsted Quilt, 10 00. Cotton Quilt, 10 00. Judges—Robt W. Graham, of Lincoln; John Logan, of Lancaster; A. S. Robertson, of Harrodsburg; Wm. Stewart, of Boyle; Saml Messick, of Danville; John G. Dally, of Lexington.

Tailoring: Jeans Coat, made and pressed by a Lady, 3 00. Suit of Clothes, by a Tailor, 5 00. Judges—Daniel Stagg, Harrodsburg; S. Muel Goebe, Harrodsburg; Joe Jackson and I. H. Bryant, Danville; Geo. A. Bowyer, Lexington.

Dairy: Butter, 5 lbs. 2 00. Apple Butter, 10 lbs. 2 00. Cheese, 5 lbs. 2 00. Honey, in comb, 10 lbs. 1 00. Ham, boiled, 1 00. Saddle of Mutton, 1 00. Loaf Light Bread, 1 00. Corn " 1 00. Judges—J. T. Anderson and Wm. Davies, Mercer; C. R. Coffey, Liberty; Dr. G. W. Givens, Lincoln; Isaac Dunn, Garrard; W. L. Caldwell, Boyle; Rev. Dr. Humphrey, Danville; R. J. Dilke, Lexington.

Flowers: Largest and handsomest display of Flowers. " design, 1 00. " Bouquet, 1 00. Judges—Capt. E. B. Galtier, Adair; Thos. W. Varner, Stanford; Prof. Wm. M. Scott, Dr. S. A. Ayres, Danville; Beriah Magoffin, Mercer.

Fruits and Wines: Best display of good varieties of Apples, 3 00. " " " Pears, 1 00. " " " Peaches, 1 00. " " " Quinces, 1 00. " " " Grapes, 1 00. " " " Plums, 1 00. Native Wine, half dozen bottles, 3 00. Judges—J. A. Bu ton, Perryville; Ed. Hughes, Boyle; Amos Ballance, Pleasant Hill; A. S. McGorty, Danville; J. B. Vaughan, Stanford; Dr. A. Thompson, Harrodsburg.

Cabinet Work: Suit of Parlor Furniture, complete, 10 00. Judges—D. Wickett, Lexington; James Smith, Lancaster; Henry Smith, Harrodsburg; Anthony Thompson, Danville; A. Hardy, Lebanon.

Boots and Shoes: Gentlemen's Boots, for winter, 2 50. " " " for summer, 2 00. Ladies' " " for winter, 2 00. " " " for summer, 2 00. Stoga Boots, 2 00. Shoes or Gaiters, made by a Lady, 2 50. Judges—G. W. Turner, Louisville; Benj. Edmonds, Marion; N. Saffier, Lancaster; Jas. Longmore, Danville.

Harness and Saddlery: Set Coach Harness, 10 00. " Buggy " 5 00. Gentlemen's Saddle and Bridle, 5 00. " Saddle, 5 00. Set Harness for Two-horse Wagon, 2 50. Judges—Gen. R. M. Saffier, Harrodsburg; Parker Craig, Lexington; S. J. Bottom, Perryville; Edwin Gregory, Danville.

Leather: Side Saddle Leather, 2 00. " Black Harness, 2 00. " Bridle, 2 00. " Saddle, 2 00. " Upper, 2 00. Judges—Henry Myers, Stanford; J. P. Reed, Boyle; Wm. Beard, Garrard; Fred Curry, Harrodsburg; J. A. Lincoln, Boyle.

Vegetables, &c. Bushel Irish Potatoes, 1 00. " Sweet or Yam, 1 00. Half dozen heads of Cabbage, 1 00. Peck Tomatoes, 1 00. " Beets, 1 00. " Turnips, 1 00. " Beans, 1 00. " Onions, 1 00. Half dozen bunches Salady, 1 00. " Celery, 1 00. Judges—Rev. E. P. Kirby and Dr. Ryors, Danville; J. P. Mitchell, Boyle; Jas. Morgan, Harrodsburg; Robt J. Dilke, Lexington; M. Buchanan, Crab Orchard.

Grain and Seed: Wheat, not less than one bushel, 1 00. Corn, (in the ear), " 1 00. Oats, " " 1 00. Rye, " " 1 00. Clover Seed, half bushel, 1 00. Timothy, " 1 00. Orchard, " 1 00. Judges—John McClain, Boyle; R. M. Davies, Mercer; Evan Shelby, Lincoln; James Duane, Garrard; Merritt Williams, Harrodsburg.

Agricultural Implements: Two-horse Plow, for Sod, 5 00. " " " for Stable, 5 00. " Wagon, 5 00. Cutting Box, 3 00. Wheat Fan, 3 00. Hay Rake, 3 00. Grain Cradle Reaper, 3 00. Judges—George Carpenter, Lincoln; P. R. Dean and Wm. Bruce, Garrard; George Dry, Casey; Wm. Hill, Lincoln; Josiah Lee, Boyle.

SECOND DAY.

Carriages, &c. Family Carriage, 10 00. " Rockaway, 5 00. Buggy, 5 00. Judges—J. F. Stone, Louisville; Geo. Courtney, Harrodsburg; Galpin, Lexington; A. B. Grubb, Danville.

Horses: Blooded Stallion, aged, 10 00. " Mare, aged, 10 00. Judges—J. F. Stone, Louisville; Geo. Courtney, Harrodsburg; Galpin, Lexington; A. B. Grubb, Danville.

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Treasurer—Dr. J. R. Wainwright, of Danville. Secretary—JNO. B. AKIN, Danville. Directors—J. S. Hopkins, I. P. Fisher, A. D. Meyer, C. H. Rochester and C. C. Moore, of Boyle; Wm. Thompson, of Mercer; J. S. Hoskins, of Garrard; D. W. Jones, of Lincoln.

PRODUCTS OF THE FIELD.

Corn, largest yield per acre of 5 acres, 10 00. [Persons contending for the largest yield per acre, must have the ground measured by a competent Surveyor, and must produce his certificate, and a quantity in cultivation. The corn to be left standing in the field until the first day of November. The Vice-President of each county, two or more judges, who shall select an average, and weigh the same, and their certificate to be returned to the Vice President, and he return the same to the Secretary, and the report thus made, to be handed in to the Secretary by the 15th day of November, on which day all certificates will be examined and decided upon.] Hemp, largest yield per acre of 5 acres, 10 00. [The judges to be satisfied that there are at least 5 acres exhibited, and their report to be handed to the Secretary by the 5th of October.] Judges—Benj. Robinson, Garrard; Milton McCann and John Bowman, Mercer; Henry Yeiser and A. T. Wilson, Boyle; Wm. P. Tate, Lincoln—any three select, if they act throughout.

Poultry: Pair Turkeys, 1 00. " Ducks, 1 00. " Brahmin Pouter Chickens, 1 00. " Shanghai, 1 00. " Cochin China, 1 00. " Sumatra Game, 1 00. " Dorkins, 1 00. Variety of Chickens in one coop, 1 00. Pair of any kind, 1 00. Judges—James Adams, Garrard; Fred Harris, Lincoln; J. K. Bishop, Boyle; W. T. Curry, Mercer; Joshua Burdett, Lancaster.

THIRD DAY.

Blooded Cattle: Bull, 3 years old and upwards, 10 00. " " " 2 " and under 3, 10 00. " " " 1 " and under 2, 10 00. Cow, 3 years old and upwards, 10 00. " " " 2 " and under 3, 10 00. " " " 1 " and under 2, 10 00. " " " 1 " and under 1, 10 00. Judges—Chas. Jones and Jas. Kinaird, Fayette; Jas. Reuck, Clark; C. R. Eddy, Madison; Edwin Buford, Bourbon; T. Barkley, Jessamine; C. D. Bright, Woodford.

Fat Cattle: Bullock, 3 years old and over, 10 00. Cow, Free Martin or Saver Heifer, 10 00. Cow, Bullock, Free Martin or Spayed Heifer, 3 and under 3 years old, 5 00. Do under 2 years old, 5 00. Yoke of Oxen, 5 00. Judges—James W. H. Fayette; Waller Cheasnut, Madison; Warren Adams, Garrard; G. F. Lee, Boyle; Solomon Jones, Mercer.

Hogs: Aged Boar, 5 00. " Sow, 5 00. Boar Pig, under 6 months, 2 50. Sow " " 2 50. Fatted Hogs, 5 00. Judges—Robt. Foyette, Mercer; Saml Peters, Washington; R. H. Graves, Lincoln; John Henderson and H. Gibbs, Garrard; Wm. Hamilton, Madison; J. C. Coffey, Boyle.

Sheep: Long Wool Hock, 5 00. Do Ewe, 5 00. Middle Wool Hock, 5 00. Do Ewe, 5 00. Fine Wool Hock, 5 00. Do Ewe, 5 00. Five best Fatted Sheep, 5 00. Judges—Walter Nichols, Lincoln; C. Williams, Jessamine; J. G. Handy, Mercer; F. Miller, Boyle; Wm. Robinson, Garrard.

FOURTH DAY.

Jack Stock: Jack, 3 years old and upwards, 10 00. " " " 2 " and under 3, 10 00. " " " 1 " and under 2, 10 00. Under one year old, 10 00. Jeannets, 3 years old and upwards, 10 00. " " " 2 " and under 3, 10 00. " " " 1 " and under 2, 10 00. Under one year old, 10 00. Judges—Wm. Eddy, Fayette; Jno. Walker, Madison; S. O. Middleton, Lincoln; W. I. Mobley, Mercer; R. P. Gregory, Boyle.

Mules: Pair Harness Mules, 10 00. Mule, 2 years old and upwards, 10 00. " " " 1 " and under 2, 10 00. Mare Mule, under one year old, 10 00. Horses " 00. Judges—Jno. Beasley, Garrard; A. G. Kyle and Milton Lamm, Mercer; Napoleon Teris, Lincoln; Asa Smith and N. T. Lee, Boyle.

Saddle and Harness Horses: Pair Carriage Horses, 10 00. Buggy " 10 00. Saddle Horse, 10 00. " Mare, 10 00. Judges—Lewis Castleman, Fayette; Richard Atkinson, Louisville; W. A. Cook, Mercer; Allen Beasley, Garrard; Wm. Duke, Boyle.

Delivery of Premiums by the Socy. RULES AND REGULATIONS. 1st. Any person may become a member for five years, by payment of \$20; and a member for one year, by the payment of \$5 to the Secretary. 2d. All entries for exhibition must be made with the Secretary, before 10 o'clock, A. M., on the day of exhibition. All stock or articles not thus entered, will be excluded from exhibition. 3d. All stock or articles brought within the grounds, will be subject to Marshal's orders. 4th. No animal or article exhibited shall be removed from the grounds, until the close of that day's exhibit, unless by a special permit from the Marshal. 5th. No animal will be permitted in the exhibition ring, unless well broke to the halter, and under perfect control of the groom. 6th. No animal or article shall be exhibited by any other than the real owner or manufacturer, as the case may be. 7th. No animal or article shall receive a premium unless thought worthy by the judges. 8th. No partnership property shall be exhibited, without all of the owners are stockholders or members, and no individual property on partnership stock. 9th. No stock or article shall be exhibited by the owner in person, except the Harness and Saddle Horses. 10th. All exhibits will be made in the same order that they appear on the printed bills. 11th. No person will be admitted to enter the ring, except the President, Vice Presidents, Directors, Secretary, Marshals, and Judges—the Judges will retire as soon as their awards are made known to the Secretary. 12th. No person, except officers of the Association and acting Judges, will be permitted to enter the offices of the Association, during exhibition hours. 13th. No person shall make known to the Judges his or her ownership, or pedigree of stock, without thereby forfeiting the premium, if any be awarded. 14th. No animal will be permitted to stand hitched to a vehicle on the grounds. 15th. All spirituous liquors are expressly forbidden to be sold on the grounds, or within half a mile thereof, under penalty of the law, as provided for in the charter. 16th. No huckster will be permitted to vend refreshments within the grounds, without first procuring license from the Secretary. 17th. All Officers of this Association will wear white badges, Marshals red, Judges blue. 18th. No aged animal or article, having at any previous Fair of this Society, taken a premium, shall compete for a second, unless in case of sweepstakes. 19th. All vacancies in the Judges, shall, by the Secretary, be reported to the Directors, who will supply the vacancies by appointment of others. 20th. All entries of Hemp must be made by the 10th of August, and for Corn by the 1st of September. 21st. Judges on animals are expected to be governed by the form, size, action, symmetry, and adaptation to the particular sphere in which the animal may be

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The Kentucky Tribune.

DANVILLE, KY.

Friday, July 27, 1855.

Consent.—The New York Express says that during the recent Convention the following episode occurred.

Mr. South—'I deny all power on the part of Congress to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia.'

Mr. Wilson—'I have no doubt of the power, under the Constitution. [Reads the usual articles under which this authority is claimed.] Congress has power to abolish slavery there, or to regulate it in whatsoever way it may please.'

Mr. South—'Do I understand the Massachusetts Senator, then, to say, Congress has absolute legislative power and authority over the District of Columbia, in all matters pertaining to slavery?'

Mr. Wilson—'That is my position.'

Mr. South—'Then I would like to know, if Congress has the power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, if it also has not the power to establish it.'

Mr. Wilson—'Hem! Hem! Hem!'

Mr. South—'I don't say it. I say Congress has no such power.'

The interpolation ended in a general laugh—we need not say at whose expense.

RENTS IN CALIFORNIA.—A letter from San Francisco thus speaks of the fall in the prices of real estate in that city, and the consequent reduction in the incomes of its owners:

The enormous incomes of some real estate holders have dwindled down at a most rapid and fearful rate, and, though already small, continues to become 'beautifully less.' I am now moving into a house at \$40 per month, which four months since really brought \$115 per month, and 'fancy rents' have declined at even a greater ratio. The United States bonded warehouse, for which \$6,000 per month was originally paid, would not at this moment command one-fourth at that rate; and under a clause in the lease, which provides for a revaluation of the rent every two years disinterested persons, will not doubt at the next biennial valuation; if proper attention is paid to the matter by the Government officials, be reduced accordingly.

A THRILLING INCIDENT.—On Tuesday, the family of Mr. Daniel Warren, residing in Boston, were thrown into a state of considerable anxiety by missing their youngest child, a boy about 13 months old.

Shortly afterwards, the parents by on the street had their attention attracted by a child's cries, and upon looking upward, there they saw the little fellow sitting in the cave trough, with his legs hanging over the edge, and in a most perilous position. The mother being informed of the whereabouts of the child, without hesitation or emotion, outwardly ascended to the roof, walked deliberately down the steep and slippery plane, took the boy in her arms, and conveyed him in safety back to the attic.

But here the trial of mental feeling and physical exertion overcame her, and her offspring being safe, she immediately fainted, and it was some time before she was restored to consciousness.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Boyle and the surrounding country, that they have opened, in the large frame building belonging to C. Henderson Esq., a few doors below Lucas's corner, a repository for the sale of

Carriages, Buggies, Rockaways, Harnesses, &c.

They have now on hand a splendid assortment of vehicles of the best quality, combining all the latest improvements. Being ourselves largely engaged in manufacturing, every vehicle we sell will be warranted to be made of the best materials by experienced workmen. They are all gotten up under our own supervision, expressly for our sales.

As we intend making Danville a permanent location for a large manufacturing factory, we hope to receive a share of patronage. The public is respectfully invited to call and examine our present stock, as we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices which the superiority of our work will justify.

STOLL & BRINK.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT.

Highly Important to the Public!

The time for a Dividend has come!

THE cry of hard times has been for a long time sounding in our ears, and line become very anxious, without any apparent relief at hand; but as ingenuity and perseverance is a force fraught with so much interest as the one before us, is seldom ever attended with any other than success, we can assure you, most cheerfully to the public generally, that our most ardent desires are gratified, and we are now prepared to make that interesting declaration, that the time for a dividend has come, and we most cordially invite our friends to come and partake of its benefits.

General Office, South-East corner of Main and Third streets, Danville, Ky.—and above all, the dividend is the property of those things so requisite to the happiness of men, which renders it still more highly interesting, and to gratify our friends, we will briefly enumerate a few of the leading articles, viz:

Broad Cloths, Vestings, Cashmeres, Italian and other Summer Goods, &c.

And a well selected assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, For Spring and Summer Wear.

Gents, if you are in want, please call and examine—and Ladies, you are certainly not forgotten by us, for we are prepared to show the

Fine Summer Dress Goods,

With all the requisite materials for Trimming and decorating the patterns you may please to select.

We have Plain and Printed Jaconet Lawns; Swiss, barred and unbarred; Collets, Chemises and Undershirts, and we would not for a small sum deny you the pleasure of viewing our valuable assortment of Dress Goods.

W. C. LUCAS.

New Stock.

I HAVE just received my new Spring Stock, embracing the largest variety of articles in my line ever brought to the place. I would call the particular attention of purchasers to my fine stock of the most approved

COOKING STOVES, Of various patterns and sizes. Also, Hollow Ware, Odd Lids, Sad Irons, Brass Kettles, Self-Heating Irons.

A large and handsome assortment of JAPAN WARE, Consisting of Toilet Sets, Water Coolers, (new pattern), Fancy Bases, Water Filters, (a new article), Spoons, Foot Tubs, &c. An assortment of

PUMPS, Of the best quality, with pipe and all the necessary fixtures to put them in first-rate working order; also,

Garden or Fire Engine, LAMPS AND LANTERNS, BURNING FLUID, &c.

Together with an unusually large stock of FURNITURE, Of my own manufacture, embracing everything in that line—all of which will be sold LOW for cash, on short time, to prompt-paying customers.

G. W. COLLINS.

WELSH & NICHOLS HAVE received the largest stock of Spring and Summer Goods, ever imported to Danville. The stock embraces the latest styles of DRESS GOODS—every variety—together with an unusually heavy supply of STAPLE GOODS of every description—Boots, shoes, &c. A list of the Goods is unnecessary. They are of superior quality, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Purchasers are invited to call and examine them.

W. C. LUCAS.

LOOK HERE.

New Spring and Summer 1855. CLOTHING, 1855.

L. LEVENSON & BRO.

Most respectfully invite the attention of their old customers and the public generally, to their unusually large stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, HATS, CAPS, &c. &c.

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which they are selling VERY LOW FOR CASH. Every thing they are determined upon, they do not intend to be undersold here or elsewhere.

Their present stock will be found to contain a great variety of articles in their line, comprising every thing to supply a Gentleman's wardrobe, and all of the LATEST and MOST ADORABLE STYLES. We invite the citizens of this city, and the adjoining counties, to call and examine our Clothing and learn our prices, as we are confident they are the BEST and MOST FASHIONABLE IN THE MARKET, and the CHEAPEST.

We have also a fine stock of Youth's and Boy's Clothing, Of a superior quality and very cheap. Also, we have a large stock of Coarse Clothing for Servants.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

We will continue the Merchant Tailoring business in all its branches, and will cut and make to order, ANY STYLE of Gentlemen's garments in the very best manner. A good supply of superior Piece Goods, such as Cloth of every color, Cassimeres and Vestings of every style and pattern, always on hand and for sale at low prices.

We respectfully request a call from all persons desiring to purchase anything in our line, as we can certainly suit them both in the quality and style of our Clothing, &c., and the very low prices at which we are selling.

PREMIER, our Store is on Main Street, between McGorty's Drug Store and Hester's Coffee Store. We will always be found ready to show our Goods.

L. LEVENSON & BRO.

Danville, April 23, '55

NEW GOODS, NEW & CHEAP CASH STORE

S. & E. S. MESSICK, Who are now receiving and opening their large

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS, Which they are offering at their usually low prices. Their stock is very complete, embracing every description of the latest style Goods. They solicit a call from their friends and the public generally.

COAL.

I HAVE now about 8,000 bushels of excellent COAL—John G. Maguire's best—which I am prepared to deliver to the citizens of Danville and the surrounding country.

TERMS—Cash in all cases—the money to be paid to the wagoner upon the delivery of the Coal.

R. M. ROBINSON.

CABINET MAKING.

JONA. NICHOLS

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he will continue the Cabinet Making business in all its branches, at the late stand of Noel & Nichols, (the old Speed shop), opposite the Court House. All kinds of Furniture, Mattresses, &c.

Will be made to order, of the best materials, on short notice. REPAIRING also promptly attended to. He hopes by giving strict attention to his business, by good workmanship and moderate charges, to merit and receive a continuance of patronage.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

The Largest Stock in Danville, VERY CHEAP FOR CASH!!

H. JACOBS.

Main street, between McGorty's and Ston's Drug Stores, I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, Piece Goods, &c. &c., to which he invites the attention of the public. These goods we bought with care, and are well made, of good materials. The stock embraces everything in the Clothing line, together with a fine supply of

SHIRTS, COLLARS, CRAVATS, SCARFS, HANDKERCHIEFS, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, HATS AND CAPS, INDIA-RUBBER GOODS, Coats, Leggings and Caps. I invite the gentlemen of Danville and the surrounding country to call and examine my stock, as I feel confident that I can suit them both in the quality of my goods and the lowness of my prices. I am determined to allow no one to undersell me.

HOSS CLOTHING, Of every description, for youths from 8 years old upwards. Clothing for Servants—a large stock.

Having employed an experienced CUTTER and TAILOR, I am constantly manufacturing ready-made clothing to order, either of goods purchased elsewhere or those brought to me, as in stock embraces the latest styles of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS. N. Y. & CO. CASH DEALERS will find it greatly to their interest to call on me before they purchase elsewhere. Such persons are invited to compare my goods and prices with those of other establishments.—Remember the place, and look for the sign of

H. JACOBS

1855. SPRING IMPORTATION 1855

AT THE MARBLE PALACE CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE

W. B. MORROW & CO.

WE are now receiving the most complete stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever brought to this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms for cash. One of our firm has been in the East for some time, purchasing the bulk of our goods in large and fashionable Auctions usually held in the Eastern cities at this season, and purchasing facilities for procuring Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices, we feel assured we can sell out such inducements as will make it to the interest of all wishing Goods to purchase of us. Among our stock will be found the largest assortment of

FANCY DRESS GOODS, Black Gros de Rhine Silks, Plain Jaconets, Figured " Plain Swisses, Fig'd and Striped do, Brilliantines, Chemises, Kid Boots & Buskins Slippers, Lining Gaiters, Ribbons, &c.

500 pes Madder colored Calicos. On the Ladies' Department, Our stock will be found very complete, embracing Goods of every kind, style and quality, to which their attention is particularly requested.

As the latest Spring Styles do not arrive in the Eastern cities until about the middle of March, we have paid particular attention to procure them by remaining in the East until after the arrival of the latest novelties, and are thus enabled to offer the very latest and newest Fashions! We have also a very complete assortment of Gentlemen's Cloths and Furnishing Goods: Black and Fancy Goods, Silk Vestings, Fancy Linen Drills, Striped Linens, French Twines, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Matting, &c.

Call soon and examine this Mammoth Stock, and we will endeavor to please all who favor us with a visit.

W. B. MORROW & CO.

BEST INFORMATION NEW GOODS AT THE NEW CASH STORE!

1855. SPRING. 1855. J. L. & W. H. WAGGENER ARE now in receipt of a large and varied assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods, Selected with care by one of the firm, from the best Eastern houses. Our stock will be found to embrace the latest and most fashionable styles of

DRESS GOODS, Comprising many beautiful patterns: Lace Goods, Chemises, Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c. &c., to all of which we invite the attention of the Ladies. We have also a highly superior stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings; Linen and Cotton Goods for Summer wear; Irish Linens, Brown and Bleached Cottons; Table Linens and Curtain Goods; Coarse Goods for Servants; Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps; Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

We have in addition to the above, imported an unusually large supply of

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENWARE, Of many different styles and prices. As we intend to keep a large and well-assorted stock of such wares on hand, we invite a call from those desiring to purchase, as we feel confident we shall be able to please them both in quality and price.

Having purchased our Goods for Cash, at Cash prices, we are enabled to offer unusual inducements to Cash Buyers. We shall continue to sell on favorable terms to prompt-paying customers, on time. We consider it no trouble to show our Goods, and will always be pleased to do so. Give us a call, if you only to see our stock and learn our low prices.

J. L. & W. H. WAGGENER, march 16

Caldwell's old stand.

CHAIN PUMPS.

REYBURN & COX, Manufacturers of Chain Pumps, BOYLE COUNTY, KY.

WE respectfully inform the citizens of Boyle and the adjoining counties, that they are now prepared to put up Chain Pumps in Wells or Cisterns, from 8 to 35 feet deep, and will warrant them to work well, and live entire satisfaction. They will sell well even to the depth of 40 feet, in most wells. Among the many advantages these Pumps have over all others, is that they are not subject to break down, and work as free in the coldest as in the hottest weather. The Chain Pump is simple in its construction, and not liable to get out of repair.

Mr. J. F. Bell, W. R. O'Neal, Jas. F. Zimmerman, and others in Danville and the surrounding country, are now using our Pumps, and we refer those who may wish to enquire concerning them, to those gentlemen.

Our Manufacture is in Boyle county, 6 miles from Danville, immediately on the Danville and Lebanon turnpike. Application may be made to Mr. W. R. O'NEAL, Post Master, or to Mr. J. F. BELL, next door to Mr. W. S. Hickman's Store, in the room formerly occupied by the Post Office.

Orders are respectfully solicited, and will be promptly attended to.

REYBURN & COX.

HOTELS.

CENTRAL HOUSE.

THE undersigned, late proprietor of the "Danville House," has taken, for a term of years, that large and commodious public house, so long known in all the South and West, as the "CENTRAL HOUSE," and having refitted and furnished the same, is now prepared to accommodate all, whether local or transient, persons who may favor him with a call. His long experience in the business of Hotel keeping, and his earnest desire to please all his guests, will, he hopes, justify him in saying, that at the "Central House" every thing may be found to render his guests comfortable and happy. Thankful to his old friends, they need not be assured that he will do all in his power to give satisfaction to all who may patronize him. Intending to furnish the best of the country afford, his customers may always rely upon getting it, and at such prices as all will regard as very reasonable. A liberal share of the public patronage then is desired, and the undersigned hopes it will be extended to him.

W. A. HARNES.

Danville, mar 9, '55

LIVERY STABLE.

ATTACHED to the "Central House," and under the immediate superintendence of JAMES W. FARRIS, is a Livery and Saddle Stable, at which, at all times, Horses, Buggies and Carriages May be Hired.

Mr. FARRIS having a long experience in the business, will Nick, Break and Fit up Horses in the best possible style. They will also be taken at Livery by the Day, Week or Month, and the utmost possible care taken to render perfect satisfaction. Their charges shall be reasonable and perfectly satisfactory. They respectfully request a fair share of the public patronage.

mar 9

REDDING HOUSE

G. A. ARMSTRONG, Shelbyville, Ky.

THE undersigned having purchased this large and commodious Hotel, is prepared to accommodate traveling and domestic parties, and the public generally, in the best style. By strict attention to the comfort of patrons, by keeping a good Table, and having competent assistants, and polite and regular boarders, and the public patronage, he hopes to sustain the widely spread and enviable reputation of this house.

THE STAGES for Lexington, Louisville, Crab Orchard, Lebanon, &c., arrive at and depart from this house. There is attached to the large STABLE, where Horses, Buggies, Harness, &c., can be hired at all times.

WM. M. FIELDS.

sept 22, '54

The Renowned Stallion, OLIVER,

WILL remain at the stable of the subscriber, near Danville, and will serve mares at \$10 the season, and \$15 to insure. For particulars, see bills.

S. DAVENPORT.

febr 23, '55

TELEGRAPH, The Largest Jack South of Kentucky River,

WILL make the present season 5 miles west of Danville, at the low price of \$30 to insure a colt—Telegraph is near 16 weeks high; his size more good than any other horse in the county. He is full brother to Mammoth and Tippecanoe, each claimed 16 hands without shoes. Telegraph will be 5 years old in July next. I have seen some of his colts, and think they cannot be beat for size by any Jack colts from juvenets of the same size. He will have colts to come this spring, that can be seen in the counties of Boyle, Marion, Mercer, Garrard, Jessamine and Lincoln. He is full brother.

Three years old in Aug next, will be permitted to serve few Jacks at \$20 to insure. Juvenets from a distance will be taken care of on reasonable terms; great care taken to prevent accidents or escapes, but no liability should either happen. All persons interested in the stock are invited to call and see said Jack before putting elsewhere, and judge for themselves. Send us your Jennets.

D. A. KNOX.

Boyle co., March 9, '55

Paints and Varnishes.

JUST received by WELSH & NICHOLS—100 kegs pure White Lead; 150 lbs Paris and Chrome Green; 1 bbl White Varnish; 1 Cupa do.

In short, everything in that line. Also, a large lot of Paint and Varnish Brushes.

april 13

Hats—Hats—Hats!

KNOW NOTHING, Kansas, Shanghai, and other fashionable Fur Hats—a large assortment for sale cheap. Also, latest style Silk Hats.

april 30, 1855

GUN-SMITHING,

J. C. SHORT

Two Main street, above the Central House, where he will be pleased to see all who wish anything in his line. He desires respectfully to return his thanks to the public generally for their patronage heretofore, and would invite their attention to his present stock of

Double and Single RIFLES and SHOT-GUNS; Colt and French Revolvers; Single and Double and Self-Loading Pistols, of various sizes; Bowie Knives, of all sizes and qualities; Game Bags; Shot Bags; Powder Flasks and Horns; Patent Wadings; Lead; Powder; Shot and Caps, of the best quality. All of which will be sold low for Cash. Persons wishing to purchase any of the above articles, will do well to call and examine before buying elsewhere.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

A. W. BARKER, DRAPER AND TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his old friends and the public that he has opened a shop on Main street, two doors above Caldwell's corner, for the purpose of carrying on the Tailoring business in all its branches. He has just received a small stock of superior

CLOTHS, Cassimeres and Vestings, Which he is prepared to cut and make up in the best and most fashionable style, and on reasonable terms.

He solicits a call from those desiring anything in his line, promising that he will do all in his power to give satisfaction to all who may patronize him.

Danville, March 23, 1855

PUMPS.

JUST received, direct from the manufacturer in New York, a large supply of various descriptions of ANTI-FREEZING PUMPS of very superior quality—suitable for any well or cistern from 5 to 50 feet deep. I am selling them Low for Cash. Call and see.

GEO. W. COLLINS.

MISSISSIPPI BEDSTEADS.

SOMETHING new in this line, just received by G. W. HEWEY

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

A. B. GRUBB & BASH

Would respectfully inform the public, that they are now prepared, at their new and commodious Coach Factory, on Third Street, opposite the residence of Mr. T. R. J. AVES, to do every description of work in their line of business.

Carriages, Buggies, &c., Of every style desired, will be made to order, in the most workmanlike manner. They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, being determined, by good workmanship, reasonable charges, and strict personal attention to business, to deserve it.

REPAIRING.

We will pay particular attention to this branch of our business, and our work shall be done on short notice and in superior style.

COACH-SMITHING.

As one of the firm is a competent and experienced Coach-Smith, and will give his attention to that department exclusively, those having work to do in that line, may rely upon having it attended to with promptness, and executed in a manner which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

A. B. GRUBB & BASH.

Danville, Jan 5, '55

A NEW STOCK.

Drugs, Medicines, Books, Stationery, Fancy Articles, &c.

I AM now receiving an unusually heavy stock of articles in my line of business, embracing a complete assortment of FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES! Which I can recommend to Physicians and others as being undoubtedly genuine and pure. I have also the largest stock of

STANDARD TEXT BOOKS

For Schools, Colleges, &c., ever brought to the Valley. Permanent Catalogues, Books, Stationery, &c., in almost endless variety. I have also prepared as heretofore to sell at wholesale and retail, Druggists, Physicians, Teachers, &c., on the most favorable terms.

A. S. MCGORTY.

Danville, Sept 8, 1854

DANVILLE COACH REPOSITORY,

Corner of Main and Fourth Streets, opposite the Batterton House.

S. E. FARRAND

W. B. MORROW & CO., Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Dealers in Produce, and Commission Merchants, DANVILLE, KY.

NEW ORLEANS AT YOUR DOOR!

Cheap Cash Grocery.

WE have just received the largest and most superior stock of GROCERIES ever brought to this market, consisting, in part, of the following:

SPRING & SUMMER, 1855.

W. L. MOORE, MERCHANT TAILOR, Main St., Danville, Ky.

I AM now receiving my Spring and Summer stock of Goods

For Gentlemen's Wear; Which consists of the very best articles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

I have every thing necessary to furnish a gentleman's wardrobe in the best and most fashionable style. These Goods I have selected with special care, and now offer them as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought at retail in any market in the country.

Gentlemen wishing anything in my line, cannot do better than to give me a call. "At least this is my opinion."

W. L. MOORE.

STAPLE GOODS.

Also, Fine SHIRTS, Collars, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in general.

March 16, '5